

ELEVEN LIVES LOST.

BOILERS OF A MISSISSIPPI TOW BOAT EXPLODE.

The Captain of the Steamer Blown Out of the Pilot House Onto the Lower Deck—Many Injured Survivors—Six Still Missing—Postponed.

Vicksburg, Miss., May 12.—The tow-boat Wash Shell, which arrived from below at 6 yesterday morning, brought the crew of the ill-fated big towboat, the steamer Harry Brown, which exploded her boilers near Vicksburg landing, twenty-five miles south of this city, at 11 o'clock Sunday night, causing the loss of eleven lives and the wounding of as many more. The Brown was up-bound with six empty coal boats and two full boats in tow. The Brown was blown to atoms by the explosion and sank a total wreck in ten minutes.

The killed: George Kelm, second mate, died while being transferred from the boat to the steamer Shell; Engineer Daugherty, found dead and badly scalded on the wreck.

The missing: Norman Dravo, of Pittsburg, pilot; George W. Bradley, seaman; Miss Annie Hess, of Cincinnati, the chambermaid; Tom Judge and William Wilson, firemen; William Fitzmaurice.

The injured in the hospital are: Capt. John Helm, the master, had his right hip seriously injured and his left hand severely cut, supposed by glass in the pilot house, as he was blown out of it. While the captain is seriously injured, it is not thought that he is dangerously hurt. William Drim is cut in several places, badly bruised and his left leg is broken; he was the carpenter. John Hardy, one of the boat's firemen, is badly scalded, and he is seriously if not fatally injured. Dan Kane, the pilot, who was on watch at the time of the accident, is also in the hospital, seriously cut about the head, face, neck and back and badly bruised. William G. Stallen, one of the hands, of Mount City, Ill., seriously hurt, but not dangerously. Dan Delany, the second engineer, is badly scalded and hurt internally, and it is thought fatally injured.

The towboats and crew numbered eight men. Three bodies are here and identified, five wounded in the hospital and six missing, as named above, and are no doubt lost.

Postponed.

Washington, May 12.—In the Competitor case it can be authoritatively stated that at the request of the United States the Spanish will postpone the execution of the death sentences upon American citizens until the views of the United States respecting the application to the cases of the treaty of 1795 and the protocol of 1877 can be presented and considered.

The announcement of the postponement of the executions means a delay of some weeks at least, and the matter will be taken up by the diplomatic representatives of the United States and of Spain and be made the subject of exchange of correspondence on the interpretation to be given the representatives between the two nations.

The action of the state department in insisting upon a retrial at least in answer to the contention of the court-martial that the Cushing protocol of 1877 did not apply to the present case. The court held that it applied only to American citizens resident in Spain or the Spanish dominions, and as the captives from the Competitor were not residents of Cuba, decided they could not claim any of the privileges accorded by the protocol. In the opinion of the state department it was an extremely narrow and illiberal construction to place upon the protocol, but while not accepting this construction the department guarded against an adverse decision on the protocol by recurring to the ancient treaty of 1795, on the ground that of the prisoners' case was not covered by the protocol they certainly could invoke the protection provided by the earlier treaty. While the treaty is not by any means generous in the matter of privileges held out to prisoners, it still contains some guarantees of great value to them in just such cases like that which has now arisen.

The House.

Washington, May 12.—The session of the house yesterday was almost entirely devoted to the consideration of District of Columbia business. Bills were passed to request the secretary of the treasury to detail revenue cutters to enforce regulations at regattas; to grant the Denver, Cripple Creek and Southwestern railroad a right of way through the South Platte and Plum Creek forest reservations; to grant pipe line right of way over the public domain in Colorado and Montana; to grant the Flagstaff and Canon railroad right of way through the Grand canon, and to extend the charter of the Denison and Northern railroad.

Preliminary conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to and the title of Mr. Maddox of Georgia to his seat was confirmed.

Great Yacht Race.

Toledo, O., May 12.—Toledo has been selected as the point for the international yacht race between the Lake Michigan yachting club of Chicago and the Royal club of Toronto. The championship will go to the winner of these five races, to be called Aug. 24 and succeeding days. The city of Toledo puts up \$1500 in gold for the winner. The event excites great interest here and Toledo will hold a high carnival on the occasion, which will attract yachtsmen from all over North America.

Conners and Leon Matched.

Springfield, Ill., May 12.—Articles have been signed between Johnny Conners, of this city, and Casper Leon, of New York, for a twenty-five round glove contest at \$1,000 a side.

The fight will probably occur before the Eureka Athletic club immediately after the Blavin-Maher contest, May 29.

All through the Methodist conference at Cleveland, recently, the woman question, always raised a hubbub.

EXECUTION PUT OFF

UNTIL THE MATTER IS REFERRED TO MADRID.

Washington, May 12.—The senate yesterday passed bills authorizing the state of South Dakota to select for the military reservation as post lands granted to the state under the act of admission; for the restoration of lands within Fort Lewis, Colorado military reservation, to the public domain; to validate the acts of certain deputy United States marshals in the Indian Territory.

In reporting the bankruptcy bill from the judiciary committee Mr. Teller stated that it favored the substitution of the senate bankruptcy bill for that passed by the house.

Mr. Mitchell (Rep.), of Oregon, added that the majority of the committee favored the house bill.

The joint resolution was passed authorizing foreign exhibitors at the Tennessee Centennial exposition, to be held in Nashville, Tenn., in 1897, to bring to this country foreign laborers from their respective countries for the purpose of preparing for and making that exhibit, and allowing articles imported from foreign countries for the sole purpose of exhibition at this exposition to be imported free of duty, under regulations prescribed by the secretary of the treasury.

Bills were passed for the use of national military parks as fields for military maneuvers by the state or federal forces.

Scott Jackson Trial.

Newport, Ky., May 12.—At 11:30 yesterday the argument in the Scott Jackson case began. It has been arranged that Col. Nelson shall speak first, Crawford next and Lockhart shall close. Attorney Nelson, after a very plain and touching story of the crime, took up the testimony of Jackson, comparing it with testimony of the commonwealth's witnesses as to his movements on Friday and Saturday, and asked the jury if it was likely that all these disinterested witnesses for the prosecution would deliberately perjure themselves and the truth be told only by Jackson, whose interest in the trial is supreme. Col. Nelson occupied the whole day with his argument, concluding at 5 p. m. He made the testimony of Scott Jackson in his own defense the theme of his argument. Scott Jackson, the prisoner, never before came so near to losing his self-composure as during Col. Nelson's terrific arraignment. Judge Helm announced yesterday afternoon that the Scott Jackson case would not be submitted to the jury till Thursday. He then postponed the trial of Alonzo Walling for the murder of Pearl Bryan until May 26.

Speech from the Throne.

Madrid, May 12.—The cortes assembled yesterday. The speech from the throne announced a measure aiming to establish in the Antilles an administration of a purely local character, giving the country control of its own finances, while maintaining intact Spain's sovereign rights.

The speech declares that Spain has fulfilled beyond measure the promises she made to the Cubans after the first rebellion.

The relations with foreign powers, the speech says, are excellent.

The correct and friendly attitude of the South and Central American republics goes to prove that each day develops still more the interests binding them to Spain.

In the United States, despite the efforts of public opinion in the contrary direction, the president and his government have not separated themselves from the line of conduct and loyal friendship which have always existed between the two countries since the creation of the republic.

The pope has given renewed sympathy to Spain.

Women Admitted.

Cleveland, O., May 12.—At the annual convention of the Lake Erie district Turners held in this city Sunday evening it was decided after much discussion that women be admitted to all of the societies. This was a complete surprise to most of the members, as it was thought the motion would be defeated because the committee on national affairs had submitted the report in which it recommended that a proposition to admit women be left to the various societies. The matter will be brought before the national convention at Louisville, Ky., in June for final disposition. Detroit was decided upon for the place of the next annual convention.

Ordered to Seize Her.

New York, May 12.—A dispatch from Panama says: A report is current here that the Bermuda will arrive at Colon within the next few days, in ballast. The Panama government has been instructed from Bogota to seize the vessel on her arrival at Colon if the Colombian gunboat Gen. Cordova was telegraphed for at Carthagena, and has arrived at Colon. Gen. Campo Serrano was on board.

Session of Property.

New Orleans, La., May 12.—Edward Conery, Jr., merchant and president of the Independent Oil company, made a session of his property for the benefit of creditors in the civil district yesterday. Assets \$287,000; liabilities \$445,000.

Murdered.

Springfield, Ill., May 11.—J. E. Brooker, of Havana, a conductor on the Big Four railroad, was found lying dead on the Warsaw railroad tracks in Litchfield, southwest of this city. The coroner's jury returned a verdict that he came to his death by being shot by an unknown person and the body had afterward been thrown on the railroad track.

Cecil Rhodes' resignation has not as yet been accepted by the chartered South African company.

EXECUTION PUT OFF

UNTIL THE MATTER IS REFERRED TO MADRID.

The Crew of the Competitor as Yet Have Not Had a Trial Even—Madrid Papers Are Full of Fiercely Comments on the Results—Popular Excitement.

Washington, May 11.—If any official news has been received by the government in Washington yesterday regarding the Americans captured aboard the Competitor by the Spaniards and condemned by court-martial to be shot, diligent inquiry fails to disclose its nature.

Secretary Olney, to whom a note was addressed on the subject, replied that there was nothing new to make public. Inquiry in congressional circles among those directly interested in the case of one of the men—Milton—shows no additional facts have been received by them.

Senator Pasco of Florida, who has taken special interest in the cases, believes that the Spanish government will not be inclined to hasty action, as in the present state of feeling any summary decision by it may lead to serious consequences.

The fact that the Havana officials have referred the execution of sentence to Madrid is a source of gratification to those interested in the prisoners' fate and implies the belief that some leniency may be shown.

It is not improbable that an effort may be made in congress during the coming week by resolution to acquaint the public with the facts in the case, calling on the president for information and requesting him to take such steps as will give the condemned men a civil trial.

Stabbed the Marshal.

Fulton, Ky., May 11.—This afternoon three negroes attacked City Marshal Jesse Walker. Two of them held him while the third cut him seriously four times with a knife. The negroes then escaped. Bloodhounds were immediately put on their track, and one has been captured. There is much excitement, and the negro will probably be lynched.

Fulton, Ky., May 11.—A negro implicated in the cutting of City Marshal Jesse Walker Saturday was lynched here last night by a mob of about 600 citizens. The negro was arrested by the telegraph operator at Arlington, a few miles north of Fulton, yesterday morning, while in the attempt to arrest him, shot him just above the left lung. The negro was carried into Fulton and was met by the mob. He remained in the mob's hands until the arrival of Sheriff Purdie of Albion county, Tennessee. Upon his arrival and immediately after he had taken charge of the negro the mob rushed madly upon the negro and swung him up several feet in the air and his last words were: "O, O, God save me, I am an innocent man." However, he confessed to the crime at Arlington yesterday morning. The two other negroes who did the cutting are yet uncaptured, but are being hotly pursued by a large posse of Fulton citizens, assisted by several well-trained bloodhounds. The one lynched last night held the marshal while the other two did the cutting. The lynching of the two uncaptured will certainly follow their arrest immediately. Marshal Walker is not expected to live.

Probably Murder.

Cleveland, O., May 11.—The police are investigating the death of Alexander McKenzie, a bookkeeper for the Cleveland, Canton and Southern railroad, which occurred yesterday afternoon. McKenzie lived with his wife at 16 Wheeler court. Yesterday morning he complained of a headache and his wife made him a cup of tea, which he drank. Soon afterward he became ill. A physician was called and he declared that McKenzie was suffering from the effects of morphine. Sulphate of zinc was prescribed as an antidote. Mrs. McKenzie procured the medicine. The diluted sulphate of zinc filled a two-ounce bottle. One teaspoonful every two hours was prescribed as a dose. A number of persons who were present say Mrs. McKenzie was intoxicated and that she gave her husband all of the medicine at one dose. Two hours later he died. When the police arrived at the house they found Mrs. McKenzie in bed with her husband. She was arrested on the charge of drunkenness and will be held to await the result of the coroner's inquest. The police say Mrs. McKenzie was released from the penitentiary only three weeks ago after serving a sentence for larceny, of which she was convicted in Ashtabud county.

Found Guilty.

Omaha, Neb., May 11.—Shortly before noon Saturday the jury in the case of Henry Bollin, the defaulting city treasurer, returned a verdict of guilty on every count. Sentence has not yet been pronounced. The penalty prescribed is from one to twenty years and a fine to double the amount stolen. The amount of the defalcation aggregates \$165,500.

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Cecil Rhodes' resignation has not as yet been accepted by the chartered South African company.

35th Anniversary.

Frankfort-on-the-Main, May 11.—The 35th anniversary of the signing of the treaty of Frankfort, which concluded the Franco-Prussian war, was celebrated here yesterday in continuation of the festes and celebrations which have been held throughout Germany in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of the events of the war. The treaty was signed in the Swan hotel, in this city, by Prince Bismarck, on behalf of Germany, and Jules Favre on behalf of France.

The celebration of the anniversary of the signing of the treaty yesterday was attended by splendid weather. Emperor William and Empress Augusta arrived in the city at 10 o'clock in the morning, and received an ovation from a great multitude of people, who had gathered to welcome them. The city was magnificently decorated, gay colored bunting and elaborate designs of flowers and green being everywhere manifest. Great crowds gathered in the city from outlying districts, and deputations were also present from all the universities of Central and Southern Germany.

Popular Excitement.

Madrid, May 11.—There are evidences of growing popular excitement in Spain over the attitude of the United States government toward the question of filibusters captured on board the Competitor. The riots and outbreaks of popular hatred toward the United States at the time of the passage through congress of the resolution favoring the recognition of the Cubans as belligerents have not been forgotten and the sentiments which caused them are but smoldering.

The Spanish government has on all possible occasions expressed its appreciation of and satisfaction with the efforts made by the United States government to prevent as far as lay in its power the giving of unlawful aid to the Cuban insurgents by citizens of the United States. But the widespread sympathy felt for the insurgents in the United States is well recognized by the Spanish people and the news of the expeditions from the United States landing from time to time in Cuba creates intense irritation.

Letter from Weyler.

Barcelona, May 11.—A letter has been received here written by Capt. Gen. Weyler in Cuba to a deputy living in this city.

Although Gen. Weyler takes a liberal view of the situation in Cuba, he expresses the wish to complete the fortified line from Juaro, on the southern coast of the island, to Moran, near the northern coast, in the western portion of the province of Puerto Principe. A railroad runs between these two points. Capt. Gen. Weyler founds great hopes upon the completion of this line. He says that when the rebellion has been crushed he intends to apply reforms gradually as the insurgents yield and as opportunity is afforded to Spain to prove her chivalrous sentiments, but he will make no concessions while the rebellion holds its ground.

Serious Fire.

St. Louis, Mo., May 11.—Fire was discovered in the Metropolitan restaurant, which occupied a three-story building at 32 Olive street, at 1 o'clock this morning. Before the firemen could get to work the flames spread throughout the building and soon destroyed it. Jefferson Gardner, rooming on the third floor, had his face burned; Dan Steele, Mike Teebe, John Cronin, Harry Briggs and two other firemen whose names are unknown were injured by the falling of the front wall. They were taken to the city hospital. It was reported that Tom Dwlinton, a cook, rooming with Gardner, was missing, but this could not be substantiated.

For a long time the Rialto, a temporary office building adjoining, was threatened, but hard work by the firemen saved it.

Scott Jackson Trial.

Newport, Ky., May 11.—All day Saturday the attorneys in the Scott Jackson trial were engaged in presenting instructions which they desired the judge to present to the jury. The usual conferences and discussions crowded out the argument, which was to have begun this afternoon. Meantime Judge Helm made up his mind as to what instructions he would give the jury next Monday morning.

Col. Crawford, for the defense, waived his right to make alternate arguments. The probable order of arguments will be Lockhart first, Hays second for the prosecution; Col. Crawford for the defense, Col. Nelson closing for the prosecution. Col. Crawford will be given as much time as that of three speeches of the prosecution.

Desperado Killed.

Pikeville, Ky., May 11.—Aaron Ham-Riton, a well known desperado and local terror to the county, was shot and killed by some unknown parties Saturday on Elkhorn creek, in this county. He was shot from ambush, five balls taking effect and causing instant death.

Loaded With Arms.

New London, Conn., May 11.—The tug Commander, with barges Relief and Green Point in tow, which sailed from New York Saturday night, and the tug Volunteer met the steamer Laura, whose movements in New York harbor has occasioned much anxiety off Montauk Point, and transferred to the steamer about 100 guns and several tons of arms, ammunition and dynamite. Capt. O'Brien was aboard the Volunteer, and after the transfer was effected returned with the Volunteer. The Laura put out to sea.

WAS ENDED AT LAST.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL COMPLETED.

With the Exception of the Pacific Coast Item—This Aroused so Much Opposition from the California Senators and Representatives That It Was Left Out.

Washington, May 9.—The river and harbor bill was completed yesterday in the senate with the exception of the item for a deep sea harbor on the Pacific coast. This aroused deep opposition, the two California senators opposing the proposed contract appropriation of \$3,000,000 for a harbor at Santa Monica bay on the ground that it is a project fostered by the Southern Pacific, as against public sentiment and the recommendation of two boards of army engineers. Mr. White of California commented on the extraordinary condition by which the commerce committee of the senate was forcing an appropriation on the state against the wishes of its senators, representatives and people.

With the bond resolution out of the way, the senate gave its attention to an accumulation of minor measures and then took up the river and harbor bill. The amount for the Sioux City river improvements on the Missouri river was increased from \$10,000 to \$50,000.

On a point of order by Mr. Gorman, the committee amendment was struck out providing that all persons employed on river and harbor works shall be selected and hired by the officers of the corps of engineers in local charge of the works, in order that the officers may be held to a strict responsibility for the proper execution of the work in their charge.

Getting Mighty Extravagant.

Washington, May 9.—The members of the house yesterday voted themselves \$100 a month for clerk during the recesses of congress. Under a resolution passed by the fifty-second congress the members of the subsequent congresses received \$100 a month for clerk hire during the sessions. Yesterday the proposition to extend this allowance to members during the recesses of congress came up in the form of the Hartman resolution, adversely reported from the committee on accounts. It occasioned some very sharp debate. It had the support of Mr. Cannon, the chairman of the appropriations committee, but was opposed by Mr. Dingler, the floor leader of the majority.

Mr. Aldrich (Rep.) of Illinois said it would involve an additional expenditure of \$216,000 per annum.

It was advocated by Messrs. Cannon, A. R. Saxe (Rep.) of Massachusetts, Hepburn (Rep.) of Iowa, Boutelle (Rep.) of Maine and Henderson (Rep.) of Iowa, and opposed by Messrs. Dockery (Dem.) of Missouri, Pitney (Rep.) of New Jersey, Tracy (Rep.) of Missouri, Wheeler (Dem.) of Alabama, Elbinger (Rep.) of North Carolina and Talbot (Dem.) of South Carolina.

The resolution was amended so as to accept members chairman of committees having annual clerks and as amended was passed—yeas 150, nays 102. An analysis of the vote shows that 114 Republicans, 15 Democrats and 13 yeas voted for it, and 53 Republicans, 58 Democrats and 1 Populist voted against it.

The senate agreed that when it adjourned yesterday it be to meet on Monday.

Sent Up for Life.

Rome, N. Y., May 9.—J. Wilson Hildreth, the boy trainwrecker, received a life sentence yesterday. His companions, Pharo and Hubbard, pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree and were sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment on two indictments, or forty years in all. These boys and another named Fred Bristol, who has since died of consumption, were accused of planning to wreck the New York Central express train, for the purpose of robbing the passengers. The affair occurred last November, the place selected for the crime being near Rome. The engineer of the train was killed and the fireman so badly injured he is only now able to leave the hospital. The clerk of the railway mail service was also seriously hurt. None of the boys are more than 18 years of age, and except in the case of one of them their parents were well to do.

Triple Murder.

New York, May 9.—A dispatch from Tunis says:

Information with regard to a horrible murder at Sfax has just been received here. It was a triple murder. Dr. Leach, an Anglican Protestant missionary, his wife and his infant son being the victims. The crime was discovered Wednesday. Dr. Leach's little son, who was only 18 months old, was found in his cradle with his throat cut. The motive for this horrible crime appears to have been vengeance, for the gold and silver jewels of the victims have been found.

Great consternation prevails at Sfax. The judicial authorities have informed the procurator of the republic and the judge d'instruction at Souasse, who will arrive at Sfax yesterday. Three natives have been arrested.

Shot by a Robber.

Chicago, Ill., May 9.—While chasing a robber from his store last night, Thomas J. Marshall, proprietor of a dry goods store at 278 West Madison street, was shot twice, and died a few moments later on the sidewalk in front of his place. The robber escaped, after several shots to intimidate the people in the street. He wounded two other persons. Alexander Boggs was shot in the left leg and Katie Hynes was shot through both knees.

Hammond's Wife and Krueger.

London, May 9.—A Pretoria dispatch, dated Wednesday, says: John Hays Hammond's wife had a long and touching interview with President Krueger, at which she phrased. The are, however, of little interest to prisoners. President Krueger promised to consider everything, and he said he hoped that the matter would be settled by the end of the week.

The fisheries in the Behring sea appear to be in a very dangerous state.

Holmes' Body Buried.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 9.—The body of H. H. Holmes was yesterday taken from the vault in Holy Cross cemetery, where it had been lowered under guard since the execution, and was lowered into a grave ten feet deep.

The only persons present were Attorney Samuel P. Rotan, a priest and an undertaker besides the grave diggers.

The box which contains the body was imbedded in cement which had already hardened, was too wide to be lowered into an ordinary grave, hence a separate space was selected for the interment.

The dead murderer was accorded a Christian burial, but the service was brief. At the conclusion a layer of cement two feet thick was piled upon the coffin and his tomb will be a solid wall of rock. These precautions were the result of Holmes' last wishes. He feared the dissection table more than he did the grave.

Lawyer Rotan has not yet examined the papers left by Holmes, but he feels certain that no will is among them.

Some New Information.

London, May 9.—A correspondent at Pretoria, in a dispatch published yesterday morning, gives some further telegrams in the so-called "cryptogram series." They are, however, of little interest for the most part, dealing with the preparations for the raid. There are also extracts given from the copy of an old book kept by Major White, which is now in the hands of the prosecution. The entry in this notebook for December 29 says:

"Received a dispatch from Cecil Rhodes to move at once to Johannesburg."

Then follows details of the march. The correspondent suggests that this notebook is possibly spurious. He also says:

"I understand that the Transvaal government will publish all of the documents in the case in a green book. The decision to revise the sentence depends largely upon the will of the people."

Takes Possession.

Independence, Kan., May 9.—The fight between the citizens and the water committee culminated Thursday, when the city took forcible possession of the waterworks. For some time the city council has complained that the company was not keeping up the pressure or the quality of the water specified in the contract. A special election was held last spring to vote upon the proposition for the purchase of the waterworks, but it was defeated. An attempt was made in the morning to seize the pumping station, but the employees were on the lookout and the attempt failed. In the afternoon several officers, headed by the mayor and all the councilmen, went to the station. They entered, seized the engineer and fireman, who offered resistance, threw them out and took possession. A new engineer is now in charge and the water works guarded. The company's agent refused to turn over any of the keys.

Colored Preacher Arrested.

Kansas City, Mo., May 9.—A special from Fort Scott, Kan., says: Dr. W. Johnson, colored, bishop of the Kansas district Mount Zion Baptist church, was arrested yesterday on an indictment by the federal grand jury charging him with making false pension affidavits, and failing to give bond he was sent to jail. He enlisted as Wyatt Hogan and after the war changed his name to Johnson. Later as Hogan he secured big back pay pension.

Nearly Ended.

London, May 9.—The advance of the imperial troops beyond Mafeking has been cancelled on Earl Gray's statement that the back of the rebellion has been broken and that their assistance was not required at Bulawayo. Earl Gray also requested Gov. Sir Hercules Robinson not to increase the difficulties involved in forwarding supplies by sending any more troops.

Lynched.

New Orleans, La., May 9.—J. M. Gabbert arrived by steamer, and tells a harrowing story of an American, named Harper, being lynched at Port Barrios. Harper was formerly employed on the Houston and Texas Central railway. Gabbert left last night over the Southern Pacific, saying he was going to Galveston to construct railway laborers for Central America.

Overlaid on.

Chicago, Ill., May 9.—The bridge and structural iron workers' strike, which has been in progress in this city since May 1, has been declared off, the men having reached 'an agreement with their employers. The men go back to work for 4 1/4 cents per hour and double pay for overtime. They struck for 45 cents. The scale rate was 3 1/4 cents.

The state department at Washington has been notified that only one American was on board the Competitor when captured.

The Boston athletic boys have returned from Athens, flushed with their victories.

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